# Spherical meso-silica particles made of silicalite-1 precursors

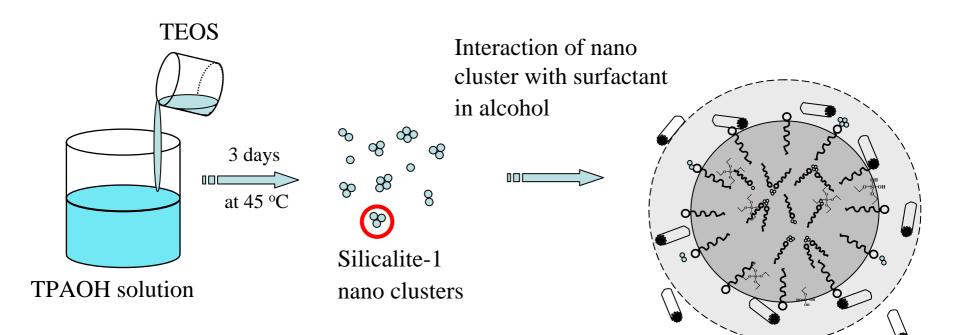
INHA University Department of Chemical Engineering Catalysis and Nano-materials Laboratory



## INTRODUCTION

- Previously, spherical mesosilica particles were successfully made in an emulsion system.
- But their hydrothermal stability was weak for industrial application.
- So, spherical mesoporous silica particles, which have enhanced hydrothermal stability and hardness, were prepared by employing nano-silicalite-1 precursors.

### Low temp synthesis of nanosilicalite-1 precursors

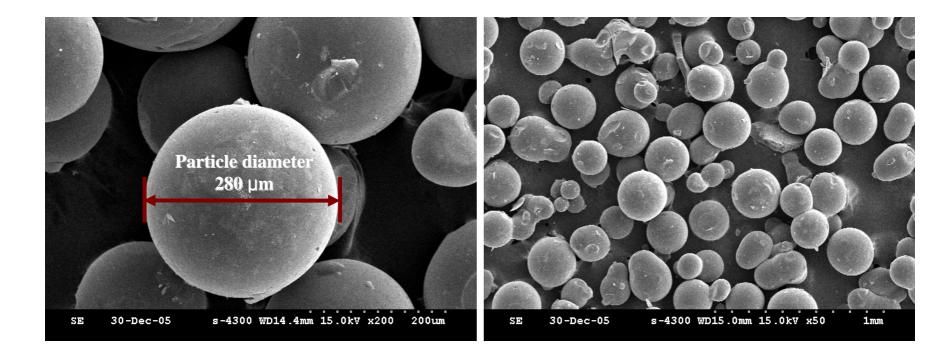


Self assembly

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### **Particle Morphology & Size**



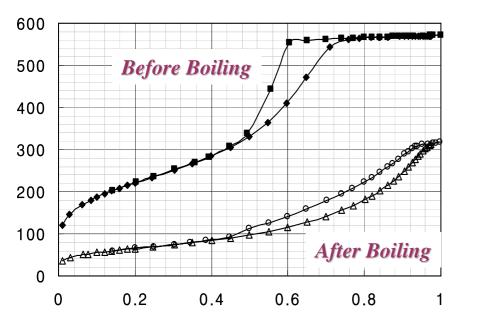
-Particle size was 200 – 1000 µm depending on the amount of alcohol and stirring speed.

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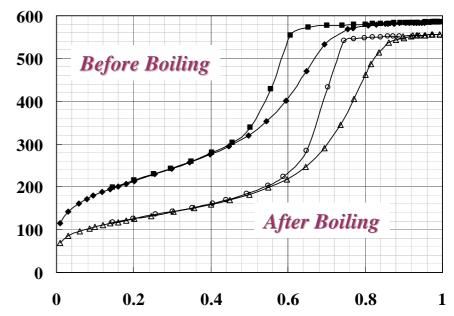
### **Hydrothermal Stability**

### ✓ Using TEOS



| <b>BET Surface Area</b> | $: 802 \rightarrow 236 \text{ m}2/\text{g}$ |
|-------------------------|---|
| Pore Volume             | : 0.88 → 0.49 cc/g                          |
| Pore Diameter           | : 4.9 nm → very broad                       |

### ✓ Using silicalite-1 clusters



BET Surface Area :  $777 \rightarrow 452 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$ Pore Volume:  $0.91 \rightarrow 0.86 \text{ cc/g}$ Pore Diameter:  $4.8 \rightarrow 6.1 \text{ nm}$ 

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### CONCLUSIONS

- Spherical mesoporous silica particles prepared by nanosilicalite-1 precursors demonstrated enhanced hardness and hydrothermal stability.
- In boiling test, surface area decreased from 777 to 452 m<sup>2</sup>/g, but pore volume and pore structure were mostly maintained.
- After boiling test, morphology of materials prepared using nanosilicalite-1 precursors was spherical, whilst that of materials prepared using TEOS precursor was fine powders.

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