Reduction potential and oxidation catalysis of vanadium-containing heteropolyacid (HPA) catalysts

<u>박동률</u>, 김희수, 정지철, 이주형, 라경원, 이상희, 송인규* 서울대학교 (inksong@snu.ac.kr*)

Heteropolyacids (HPAs) have attracted much attention as homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysts for oxidation reactions. In general, it is known that the vanadium-containing HPAs have a strong oxidizing power (high reduction potential). The reduction potential of vanadium-containing H6+ xP2Mo18-xVxO62 (x=0, 1, 2, and 3) Wells-Dawson HPA and H3+ xPMo12- xVxO40 (x=0, 1, 2, and 3) Keggin HPA catalysts was measured by TPR experiments. The dehydrogenation of cyclohexanol was carried out to investigate the catalytic performance of the vanadium-containing HPA catalysts. Both reduction potential and catalytic activity showed a volcano-shaped curve with respect to vanadium substitution, across both families of HPA catalysts. The Wells-Dawson HPA showed a better catalytic performance than the Keggin HPA at the same level of vanadium substitution. A correlation between catalytic activity and reduction potential of the HPA catalysts was well established (KOSEF R01-2004-000-10502-0).