## Development of 1kW class SOFC stack and residential cogeneration system at KEPRI

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One kW-class SOFC stacks using metallic interconnects such as ferritic stainless steel and anode-supported single cells of  $10x10cm^2$  with thin electrolyte layer(<25 mm) of YSZ was fabricated for application of Residential Power Generation(RPG). Mixtures of NiO and 8YSZ were used as anode substrates and a Cathode of(La<sub>0.6</sub>Sr<sub>0.4</sub>)(Co<sub>1-x</sub>Fe<sub>x</sub>)O<sub>3</sub>(x=0.8)and Ce<sub>0.8</sub>Sm<sub>0.2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> mixtures was fabricated on electrolytes after screen printing and heat-treatment. I-V and AC impedance characteristics of single cells were evaluated at intermediate temperature(650~800°C) by using hydrogen gas as a fuel. Maximum power density of 10x10cm<sup>2</sup> anode-supported cells was about 0.32W/cm<sup>2</sup> at 750°C and 0.2W/cm<sup>2</sup> at 650°C. A 1kW-class SOFC stack composed of 48 cells(10x10cm<sup>2</sup>) was successfully manufactured and a SOFC system with BOP(reformer, heat exchanger, catalytic burner etc.) for combined heat and power was integrated to operate and evaluate for long-term. The system designed for residential power generation by using natural gas(or LPG) as fuel can concurrently produces electricity at a SOFC stack and hot water from recuperating heat. The system showed maximum DC output of 1.6kW<sub>e</sub> at 720°C. Detailed status and experimental results of the 1kW SOFC system will be discussed in this paper.