The penetration of fluorescence silica nanoparticles into living cell using TAT peptides modification method

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Dye-doped silica nanoparticles(SiNPs) could make uniform size and shape and easily control of various diameters. These dye-doped SiNPs have functionalized using HIV1-TAT peptides that can deliver cargos such as oligonucleotides and proteins across the plasma membrane into living cells. In this study, we prepared TAT-functionalized SiNPs conjugated Cy5 labeled oligonucleotides and TAT peptide for the purpose of improving intracellular delivery. **Acknowledgments**: This research was supported by the Basic Science Research Program through the National Research Foundation of Korea(NRF) funded by the Ministry of Education, Science and Technology (2009–0069113), and by Nuclear R&D program through the Korea Science and Engineering Foundation (KOSEF) funded by the Ministry of Education, Science and Technology (MEST) of Korea (Grant No. M20706010003–08M0601–00310), and by the Ministry of Knowledge Economy(MKE) and Korea Industrial Technology Foundation (KOTEF) through the Human Resource Training Project for Strategic Technology