Anhydrous Polymer Electrolyte Membranes Based on Polystyrene-b-Poly (hydroxyl ethyl methacrylate) Block Copolymer

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A block copolymer of polystyrene–b–poly (hydroxyl ethyl methacrylate), PS–b–PHEMA, was synthesized via atom transfer radical polymerization (ATRP) and crosslinked with 4,5–imidazole dicarboxylic acid (IDA) via esterification of the –OH groups of PHEMA in the block copolymer and the –COOH groups of IDA at 130°C. As forming imidazole–H₃PO₄ complexes with doping of H₃PO₄, the proton conductivity of the membranes continuously increased as the content of H₃PO₄ increased. In addition, both the elongation at break and the tensile strength increased with IDA content. A proton conductivity of 0.01 S/cm at 100°C was obtained for the PS–b–PHEMA/IDA/H₃PO₄ membrane with [HEMA]:[IDA]:[H₃PO₄] = 3:4:4 under anhydrous conditions. All of the PS–b–PHEMA/IDA/H₃PO₄ membranes were thermally stable up to 350°C.