## Production of hydrogen through aqueous phase reforming of ethylene glycol over ordered mesoporous carbon supported Pt-Mn catalysts

<u>김호동</u><sup>1,2</sup>, 박현주<sup>1</sup>, 김태완<sup>1</sup>, 정광은<sup>1</sup>, 채호정<sup>1</sup>, 정순용<sup>1</sup>, 김철웅<sup>1,\*</sup>, 이창하<sup>2</sup> <sup>1</sup>한국화학연구원; <sup>2</sup>연세대학교 (cukim@krict.re.kr\*)

Catalytic activities of ordered mesoporous carbon CMK-3 supported PtMn catalysts for hydrogen production by aqueous phase reforming (APR) of 10 wt% ethylene glycol (EG) solution was studied. The catalysts were characterized by X-ray powder diffraction (XRD) pattern, transmission election microscopy (TEM), hydrogen temperature programmed reduction ( $H_2$ -TPR), and  $N_2$  sorption techniques. The results show that the addition of Mn to Pt was significantly more active such as high carbon conversion, hydrogen yield and hydrogen producing rate per gram of catalyst and low alkanes selectivity than monometallic Pt catalyst. In case of supports, among various catalyst supports tested in this study, the ordered mesoporous carbon (OMC) supported Pt-Mn bimetallic catalyst exhibited the best catalytic activity.