A computer simulation of CO2 capturing process using aqueous NH3 solution

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Aqueous amine solution(MEA) is currently the most widely used in the industrial CO_2 capturing process. However, the operating cost of MEA process is high due to its huge energy consumption in regeneration and operating problems such as corrosion, solvent loss and solvent degradation. Aqueous NH_3 solution is considered as a substitute of amine solutions because of its high CO_2 loading capacity, no absorbent degradation, low energy consumption for CO_2 regeneration and resistance to oxidation.

In this paper, a new CO_2 capturing process using aqueous NH_3 solution at room temperature and atmospheric pressure was studied. Process simulation was applied to analyze and evaluate the proposed NH_3 process. Heat consumption of a new NH_3 process was compared with the conventional MEA process and the chilled NH_3 process.