687

## Ink-Pen Written FETs on Flexible Substrate using CuO QDs and Silver Nano-Inks

## <u>Mohammad Vaseem</u>, 박용규<sup>1</sup>, 노원엽<sup>1</sup>, 한윤봉<sup>1,\*</sup> 전북대학교; <sup>1</sup>전북대학교 반도체화학공학부 (ybhahn@jbnu.ac.kr<sup>\*</sup>)

To fabricate optoelectronic or FET devices, generally required complex steps are lithography, thermal evaporation for source/drain electrode deposition, dielectric layer deposition, etc. The ink-filled pen can offer a unique approach to fabricate flexible paper based devices by using handmade patterning techniques. Herein, we report all-layers inkpen written CuO based field effect transistor (FETs), where ink-pen drawn silver electrodes, PVP and CuO were used as gate/source/drain electrodes, a gate dielectric layer and an active semiconductor layer, respectively. Ink-filled pen approach offer great potential for recognizing suitable materials for large-area and low-cost electronic applications. Ink-pen written devices with  $I_D-V_D$  curve at  $V_G=0$  shows a clear rectifying behavior with the conductance of CuO decreases monotonically as the gate potential increases, confirming that the as-written CuO FET is a p-type at room-temperature. This flexible paper based CuO-FET shows  $\mu_{FE}$  of ~0.84 cm<sup>2</sup>/V.s. However, inkpen-written assisted with inkjet-printing FET shows mobility ( $\mu_{FE}$ ) of ~11.21 cm<sup>2</sup>/V.s at room temperature with on/off ratio ~10<sup>4</sup>, and hole concentration of ~10<sup>12</sup> cm<sup>-3</sup>.