

Optimization of CO₂ Conversion Process for Methanol Production via Combined Reforming of Methane for minimizing CO₂ emission

노고산, Rafiqul Gani¹, 이재형[†]

KAIST; ¹Technical University of Denmark

(jayhlee@kaist.ac.kr[†])

Utilization of CO₂ as a feedstock to produce valuable chemical products is attracting much attention in recent studies. The goal of this work is to minimize a net CO₂ emission index (kg_{CO2}/ton_{MeOH}) of a sustainable CO₂ conversion process producing methanol via combined reforming of methane reaction which is considered as a prime candidate for commercialization. The process flowsheet of the baseline process is developed using Aspen Plus®, the commercial process simulator. The feedstock ratio and reforming conditions are chosen as the key process design variables. Sensitivity analysis is used to investigate how their changes influence on CO₂ emission flows of the overall process. The optimal values of the four design variables are decided by generating the 2-dimensional equilibrated syngas plot which represents the feasible operating region in consideration of several physical constraints. As a result, 16.3 % reduction of net CO₂ emission as well as 7.85 % saving of the operating cost has been achieved with respect to the conventional methanol production.