## Synthesis of Mesoporous MgO via Chemical Combustion and its Application to CO<sub>2</sub> Sorption at Elevated Temperature

## <u>Hiremath Vishwanath</u>, 서정길<sup>†</sup> 명지대학교 (jgseo@mju.ac.kr<sup>†</sup>)

Mesoporous MgO nanoparticles have been synthesized via chemical combustion route by using different fuels and different fuel to oxidizer (F/O) ratios. As synthesized MgO nanoparticles are evaluated as potential candidates for high temperature  $CO_2$  sorption. The effects of types of fuel, F/O ratio, crystalline structure, morphology, and nature of dispersion on the  $CO_2$  sorption performance were extensively investigated. It was deduced that complexation of MgO precursor with the fuel is critical in determining the surface characteristics and  $CO_2$  sorption properties of mesoporous MgO nanoparticles. The highest  $CO_2$  sorption was obtained for MgO-2.0(G) using glycine as the fuel, corresponding to 1.2 mmol- $CO_2/g$  at 200 °C. This work was supported by the National Research Foundation of Korea (NRF) funded by the Ministry of Education (Grant number: NRF-2013R1A1A2060638).