High CO_x Hydrogenation to Methane over $Co_aCe_{1-a}O_x$ at Low Temperature Prepared by Coprecipitation Method

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Conversion of CO_2 to methane, which is a versatile feedstock, is one of the most effective solution to solve the global warming problem by increasing CO_2 concentration. Noble metal-based catalysts are believed to be more active in CO_z methanation, however, those catalysts are limited in industrial applications due to their higher volatility, higher cost than other catalysts as well as easy sintering at relatively high temperature. Therefore, CO_z methanation via heterogeneous catalysts has recently attracted a considerable amount of attention.

Cobalt–Ceria catalysts, $Co_aCe_{1-a}O_x$, with various Co^{2+}/Ce^{4+} molar ratios from 3:7 to 9:1 were prepared by co-precipitation method and calcined at 500°C for 5 h in the air stream, then were subsequently characterized by means of X-ray diffraction (XRD), N₂ physisorption and desorption and H₂–Temperature programmed reduction (H₂–TPR). The effects of CeO₂ content on catalytic performance were evaluated in the separated CO and CO₂ methanation reaction in the fixed–bed reactor by the excess of H₂ at the temperature range of 120°C–350°C. The calcination temperature effects were also investigated at 350°C and 500°C of Co₃O₄ and Co_{0.9}Ce_{0.1}O_x catalysts.