

Highly selective adsorption of CO over CO<sub>2</sub> and high CO/CO<sub>2</sub> selectivity by  $\pi$ -complexation using Cu(I) doped MIL-100(Fe)

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Octahedral metal-organic framework MIL-100(Fe) doped with Cu(I) for CO/CO<sub>2</sub> separation were successfully synthesized by impregnation and consequent reduction under vacuum condition. Although MIL-100(Fe) adsorbs CO<sub>2</sub> better than CO, Cu(I) doped MIL-100(Fe) shows selective CO adsorption over CO<sub>2</sub> due to the  $\pi$ -complexation of CO and Cu(I). A series of systematic experiments on gas adsorption under the changes of metal loading, activation temperature, and adsorption temperature were thoroughly investigated. An optimized, CO adsorption capacity on Cu(I) doped MIL-100(Fe) was much higher than that of CO<sub>2</sub>. Single gas adsorption behaviors on MIL-100(Fe) and Cu(I) doped MIL-100(Fe) were well described by DSLF isotherms. IAS Theory (IAST) was applied to predict adsorption isotherms of CO and CO<sub>2</sub> mixture and CO/CO<sub>2</sub> selectivity as a function of bulk pressure. The obtained results showed that 45wt% Cu(I) doped MIL-100(Fe) had CO/CO<sub>2</sub> selectivity of 420 at 298K and 1 bar, which was much higher than that of parent MIL-100(Fe) (0.10) at the same conditions.