## $NO_x$ sensing properties of various $SnO_2$ -based gas sensors

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Fine dust emission that negatively affects the human body has tended to increase every year in Korea. Thus, many researcher studied about detection of  $\mathrm{NO_x}$  and  $\mathrm{SO_x}$  gases which are major sources of the fine dust. The ppb level detection is one of the key points for detection of the fine dust. In this work, we investigated  $\mathrm{NO_x}$  sensing properties of the  $\mathrm{SnO_2}$ -based thin-film, thick-film and nanowire structure sensors. The  $\mathrm{SnO_2}$ -based thin-film sensors were prepared by ion sputtering method and the thick-film sensors were prepared by screen printing method. The  $\mathrm{SnO_2}$ -based nanowire structure sensors were fabricated by chemical vapor deposition method. The gas sensing properties of the  $\mathrm{SnO_2}$ -based sensors were investigated in the 50 ppb-100 ppb  $\mathrm{NO_x}$  gas at temperature ranges of  $150^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ - $250^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ . The  $\mathrm{SnO_2}$ -based nanowire structure sensors showed high sensor response of approximately 9.62 and excellent recovery properties for detection of 100ppb  $\mathrm{NO_x}$  at  $150^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ .