<u>심혜원</u>, 김태훈¹, 신내철[†] 인하대학교; ¹인하대 (nshin@inha.ac.kr[†])

Lead halide perovskites, such as methylammonium lead iodide (CH3NH3PbI3) have demonstrated outstanding optoelectronic properties, promising extensive application in solar harvesting. Lead iodide (PbI2) is attracted attention as an intermediate for vapor phase synthesizing perovskite. The morphology of PbI2 nanowires (NWs) have been researched because it affects the properties of perovskite after conversion.

In previous VLS growth of PbI2 NWs, the $[1\ 21\ 0]$ oriented NWs have reported. Herein, we grow the [0001] oriented NWs at tens of microns in length. Althought [0001] NWs are thermodynamically less stable than $[1\ 21\ 0]$ NWs, we produce the [0001] NWs with a high area density because the NWs epitaxially grow on the PbI2 thin film. Unlike $[1\ 21\ 0]$ NWs that grow at various angles, [0001] NWs grow uniformly with perpendicular growth on a the substrate so that the NWs can be applied to devices with aligned morphology after transfer. Also, it is able to synthesize perovskite by simple vapor phase conversion. This research suggests that the possibility of a new type of perovskite NW application.