

## Quantum Dot Sensitized Solar Cells Using Phosphoric Acid Treated High Electrocatalytic Copper Sulfide Counter Electrodes

Mohammed Panthakkal Abdul Muthalif, 최영선<sup>1,†</sup>

부산대학교; <sup>1</sup>부산대

(choe@pusan.ac.kr<sup>†</sup>)

Here in we report improved photovoltaic performance of quantum dot sensitized solar cells (QDSSCs) based on phosphoric acid (H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>) treated copper sulfide (CuS) counter electrodes (CEs) with TiO<sub>2</sub>/CdS/CdSe/ZnS photoanodes and a polysulfide electrolyte. CuS CEs with different concentration of H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> were deposited on fluorine-doped tin oxide (FTO) glass surfaces via widely adopted chemical bath deposition (CBD) method. Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) images indicate that well-dispersed CuS nanoparticles helps to promote high electrocatalytic activity, which delivers fast electron transport from FTO substrate to the reaction sites and improve the photovoltaic properties of QDSSCs. The catalytic activity results displays that H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> treated CuS CEs can effectively catalyze the reduction of polysulfide electrolyte. The TiO<sub>2</sub>/CdS/CdSe/ZnS QDSSC with 4 ml H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> treated CuS CE exhibited an excellent power conversion efficiency (PCE) of 4.20% under one sun illumination, which was far better than that of the bare CuS CEs.