

5.2-1.

(Fogler)

$$F_{A0} - F_A + (-r_A)V = \frac{dN_A}{dt}$$

가 가

$$C_{A0} - C_A + (-r_A)\tau = \tau \frac{dC_A}{dt}$$

$$1 \quad (-r_A) = kC_A$$

$$\frac{dC_A}{dt} + \frac{1+k\tau}{\tau} C_A = \frac{C_{A0}}{\tau}$$

가 C_{Ai}

$$C_A = C_{Ai} \quad \text{at } t = 0$$

Laplace

$$s\bar{C}_A - C_{Ai} + \frac{1+k\tau}{\tau} \bar{C}_A = \frac{C_{A0}}{\tau} \frac{1}{s}$$

$$\left(s + \frac{1+k\tau}{\tau} \right) \bar{C}_A = \frac{C_{A0}}{\tau} \frac{1}{s} + C_{Ai}$$

$$\bar{C}_A = \frac{C_{A0}}{\tau} \frac{1}{s} \frac{1}{(s+a)} + C_{Ai} \frac{1}{(s+a)} ; \quad a = \frac{1+k\tau}{\tau}$$

$$C_A = \frac{C_{A0}}{\tau} \frac{1}{a} [1 - \exp(-at)] + C_{Ai} \exp(-at)$$

$$C_A = \frac{C_{A0}}{1+k\tau} - \left(\frac{C_{A0}}{1+k\tau} - C_{Ai} \right) \exp\left(-\frac{1+k\tau}{\tau} t \right)$$

5.3

(PFR)

PFR

MFR

가

가

dV
0

MFR

= +

5.5

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= F_A \\
 A &= F_A + dF_A \\
 A &= (-r_A)dV
 \end{aligned}$$

$$dF_A = d[F_{A0}(1 - X_A)]$$

$$F_{A0}dX_A = (-r_A)dV ; \text{PFR}$$

$$\int_0^V \frac{dV}{F_{A0}} = \int_0^{X_A} \frac{dX_A}{-r_A}$$

$$\frac{V}{F_{A0}} = \frac{\tau}{C_{A0}} = \int_0^{X_A} \frac{dX_A}{-r_A}$$

0 가

0

X_i

X_f

$$\frac{V}{F_{A0}} = \frac{\tau}{C_{A0}} = \int_{X_i}^{X_f} \frac{dX_A}{-r_A}$$

$$\varepsilon_A = 0$$

$$\frac{V}{F_{A0}} = -\frac{1}{C_{A0}} \int_{C_{A0}}^{C_{Af}} \frac{dC_A}{(-r_A)}$$

$$\tau = \frac{V}{v_0} = C_{A0} \int_0^{X_{Af}} \frac{dX_A}{-r_A} = -\int_{C_{A0}}^{C_{Af}} \frac{dC_A}{-r_A}$$

PFR τ

t 가

$\epsilon_A \neq 0$

5.6

τ τ/C_{A0} 가

가 0

$$-r_A = k$$

$$k\tau = \frac{kC_{A0}V}{F_{A0}} = C_{A0}X_A$$

가 1

$$-r_A = kC_A$$

4

$$-r_A = kC_{A0} \frac{1 - X_A}{1 + \epsilon_A X_A}$$

$$k\tau = -(1 + \epsilon_A) \ln(1 - X_A) - \epsilon_A X_A$$

가 1

$$A = rR$$

$$-r_A = k_1 C_A - k_2 C_R$$

4

$$C_A = C_{A0} \frac{1 - X_A}{1 + \epsilon_A X_A}, \quad C_R = C_{A0} \frac{rX_A + M}{1 + \epsilon_A X_A}$$

0

$$k_1 C_{A0} \frac{1 - X_A}{1 + \epsilon_A X_A} = k_2 C_{A0} \frac{rX_A + M}{1 + \epsilon_A X_A}$$

$$\tau = C_{A0} \int_0^{X_{Af}} \frac{dX_A}{-r_A} = \frac{C_{A0}^{1/2}}{k} \int_0^{0.8} \left(\frac{1+X_A}{1-X_A} \right)^{1/2} dX_A$$

$$\int_0^{0.8} \left(\frac{1+X_A}{1-X_A} \right)^{1/2} dX_A \quad \text{matlab}$$

m-file

5.5

PFR

5.6

. 가

PFR

가

가



$$-r_A = k_1 C_{A0}^2 \frac{(1-X_A)(M-X_A)}{(1+\epsilon_A X_A)^2} - k_2 C_{A0} \frac{M'+X_A}{1+\epsilon_A X_A}$$

PFR

$$\tau = C_{A0} \int_0^{X_{Af}} \frac{dX_A}{-r_A} = \int_0^{X_{Af}} \frac{(1+\epsilon_A X_A)^2 dX_A}{k_1 C_{A0} (1-X_A)(M-X_A) - k_2 (M'+X_A)(1+\epsilon_A X_A)}$$

$$M=1, \quad M'=0, \quad \epsilon_A = -0.5$$

$$\tau = \int_0^{X_{Af}} \frac{(1-0.5X_A)^2 dX_A}{k_1 C_{A0} (1-X_A)^2 - k_2 X_A (1-0.5X_A)}$$

τ X_A

,

plot

가

가