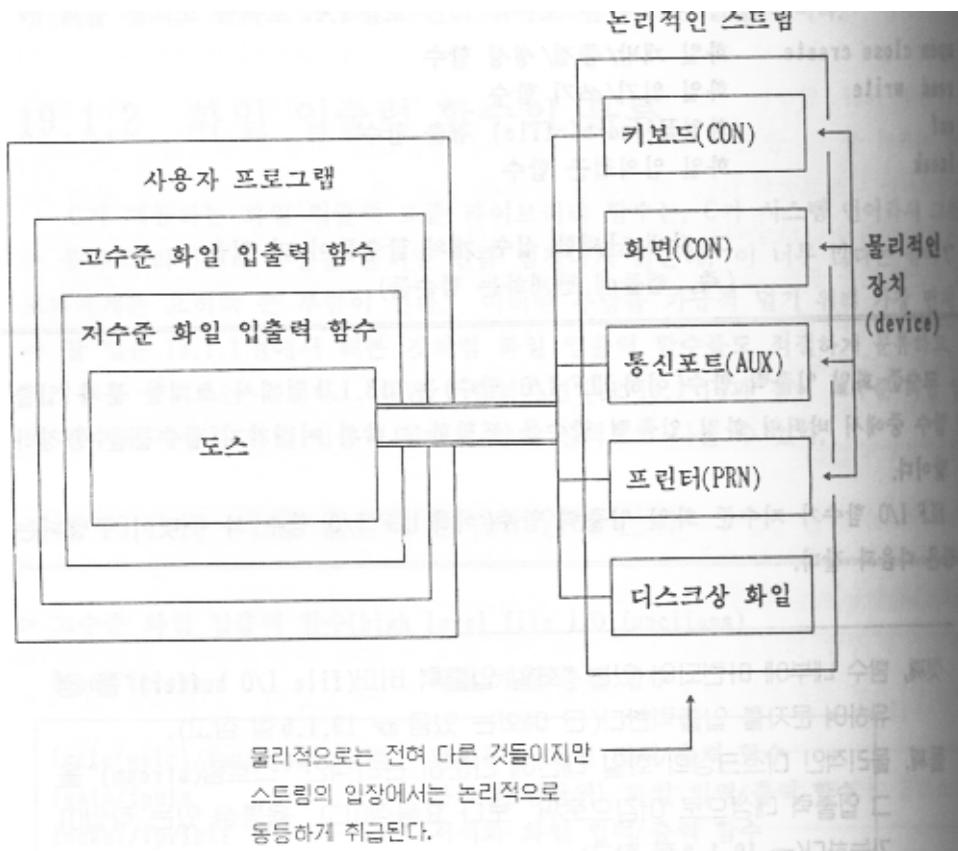


9. File input and output

9.1 Stream and file I/O buffer

* stream :

가



* stream

- stream variable declaration : FILE *fp ;
- open stream : fp=fopen("test.dat","r") ;
- I/O operation : fgets(fp,s,80) ;
- close stream : fclose(fp) ;

* file I/O buffer

- I/O operation
- 가 /
(buffered I/O operation)

* for DOS applications

```
config.sys
    files = 20      → number of maximum open files
    buffer = 512   → size of file I/O buffer
```

9.2 FILE structure and file pointer

```
typedef struct {
    short      level;          /* fill/empty level of buffer */
    unsigned    flags;          /* File status flags */
    char       fd;             /* File descriptor */
    unsigned char hold;         /* Ungetc char if no buffer */
    short      bsize;          /* Buffer size */
    unsigned char *buffer;     /* Data transfer buffer */
    unsigned char *curp;        /* Current active pointer */
    unsigned    istemp;         /* Temporary file indicator */
    short      token;          /* Used for validity checking */
} FILE;                         /* This is the FILE object */
```

```
- ;  

FILE *fp ;
fp = fopen("test.dat","r") ;      → ,  

fclose(fp) ;                    → ,
```

9.3 File access mode

- * file access mode
 - r : read only
 - w : write only (new stream)
 - a : append
 - r+ : read and update
 - w+ : write and update
 - a+ : append and update

* Character I/O mode

- t : text mode : CR/LF
- b : binary mode :

Example 1) file copy example

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int c ;
    FILE *src, *dest ;

    src = fopen(argv[1],"rb") ;
    dest = fopen(argv[2],"wb") ;
    while ( (c=fgetc(src)) != EOF)
        fputc(c,dest) ;
}
```

```
c:\ TC> filecopy filename1 filename2
```

9.4 Basic file I/O functions

- fgetc, fputc :

```
int fgetc(FILE *stream) ;
int fputc(int c,FILE *stream) ;
```

- fgets, fputs :

```
char *fgets(char *s, int n, FILE *stream) ;
int fputs(char *s, FILE *stream) ;
```

- fprintf, fscanf :

```
int fscanf(FILE *stream, const char *format, ...) ;
int fprintf(FILE *stream, const char *format, ...) ;
```

Example 2) file printing example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAXLEN 80

void main()
{
    FILE *fp ;
    char *str[MAXLEN + 1 ] ;
    fp = open("test.dat","r") ;
    while( fgets(str,MAXLEN,fp) != NULL)    puts(str) ;
    return ;
}
```